| Key Stage 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pupils should be |  |
| taught: | - Number and Place Value <br>  <br> - Addition and Subtraction <br> - Multiplication and division <br> - Fractions |
|  | - Measurement <br> - Properties of shapes <br> - Position and direction |
|  | - Statistics in Year 2 |


|  | - Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months, and years. <br> - Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour, and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. <br> Properties of shapes <br> - Recognise and name common 2D and 3D shapes. <br> Position and direction <br> - Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Year 2 | Number and place value <br> - Count in steps of two, three and five from 0 , and in 10 s from any number, forwards and backwards. <br> - Recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number. <br> - Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different depictions, including the number line. <br> - Compare and order numbers from 0 to 100 , using <, > and $=$ signs. <br> - Read and write numbers 1 to 100 in numerals and words. <br> - Use place value and number facts to solve problems. <br> Addition and subtraction <br> - Solve problems with addition and subtraction using concrete objects and pictorial representations. <br> - Apply increasing knowledge of mental and written methods. <br> - Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 , and derive and use related facts up to 100. <br> - Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally - including a two-digit number and 1s, a two-digit number and 10s, two two-digit numbers, and adding three one-digit numbers. <br> - Show that the addition of two numbers can be done in any order and subtraction of one number from another cannot. <br> - Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction, and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems. <br> Multiplication and division <br> - Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2,5 , and 10 multiplication tables. <br> - Recognise odd and even numbers. <br> - Calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using $x, \div$, and $=$ signs. <br> - Show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order, and division of one number by another cannot. <br> - Solve problems involving multiplication and division using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts. |



| Key Stage 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pupils should be taught: | - Number and Place Value <br> - Addition and Subtraction <br> - Multiplication and division <br> - Fractions including decimals Y4 / percentages Y5 <br> - Measurement <br> - Properties of shapes <br> - Position and direction <br> - Statistics <br> - Ration and proportion Y6 <br> - Algebra Y6 |
|  | Key Assessment Criteria |
| Year 3 | Number and place value <br> - Count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100, finding 10 or 100 more or less than a given number. <br> - Recognise the place value of each digit in a 3-digit number (100s, $10 \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{~s}$ ). <br> - Compare and order numbers up to 1,000. <br> - Identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. <br> - Read and write numbers up to 1,000 in numerals and in words. <br> - Solve number problems and practical problems involving these concepts. <br> Addition and subtraction <br> - Add and subtract numbers mentally, including a three-digit number and 1s, a three-digit number and 10s, and a three-digit number and 100 s . <br> - Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction. <br> - Estimate the answer to a calculation and reverse operations to check answers. <br> - Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction. <br> Multiplication and division <br> - Recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables. <br> - Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables, including for two-digit numbers times onedigit numbers, using mental maths and progressing to formal written methods. <br> - Solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division - including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which ' $n$ ' objects are connected to ' $m$ ' objects. <br> Fractions <br> - Distinguish what tenths are. <br> - Count up and down in tenths. |


|  | - Distinguish, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. <br> - Distinguish and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators. <br> - Distinguish and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators. <br> - Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole. <br> - Compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators. <br> - Solve problems that involve all of the above. <br> Measurement <br> - Measure, compare, add and subtract lengths, mass, volume/capacity. <br> - Measure the perimeter of simple 2D shapes. <br> - Add and subtract amounts of money to give change. <br> - Tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks. <br> - Estimate, record, compare and read times, with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute. <br> - Use vocabulary such as o'clock, am/pm, morning, afternoon, noon, and midnight. <br> - Distinguish the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year. <br> - Compare the durations of events. <br> Properties of shapes <br> - Draw 2D shapes and make 3D shapes using modelling materials; recognise 3D shapes in different orientations and describe them. <br> - Recognise angles as a property of a shape or a description of a turn. <br> - Identify right angles and distinguish that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three-quarters of a turn, and four a complete turn. <br> - Identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. <br> - Identify horizontal and vertical lines, and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. <br> Statistics <br> - Show data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. <br> - Solve one and two-step data using bar charts, pictograms and tables. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Year 4 | Number and place value <br> - Count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1,000. <br> - Find 1,000 more or less than a chosen number. <br> - Count negative numbers from 0 . <br> - Recognise place value of each digit of a four-digit number. <br> - Recognise, represent and estimate numbers using different representations. <br> - Round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000. <br> - Solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above, and with increasingly large numbers. <br> - Read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of 0 and place value. <br> Addition and subtraction <br> - Add and subtract numbers with up to four digits using formal written methods, and columnar addition and subtraction where necessary. |

- Estimate and use inverse operations to check the answers to a calculation.
- Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in different contexts, deciding which operations to use and why.


## Multiplication and division

- Use multiplication and division facts for tables up to $12 \times 12$
- Use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and one; dividing by one; multiplying together three numbers.
- Recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations.
- Multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout.
- Solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two-digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems, and harder correspondence problems such as ' $n$ ' objects connected to ' $m$ ' objects.


## Fractions (including decimals)

- Recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions.
- Count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by 100 and dividing tenths by 10.
- Solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number.
- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator.
- Recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths.
- Identify and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}$
- Find the effect of dividing a one or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths.
- Round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number.
- Compare numbers with the same number of decimal places, up to two decimal places.
- Solve simple measure and money problems, involving fractions and decimals, to two decimal places.


## Measurement

- Convert between different units of measurement.
- Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure in centimetres and metres.
- Find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.
- Estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence.
- Read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks.
- Solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months, weeks to days.


## Properties of shapes

- Compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes.

- Identify and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared ( ${ }^{2}$ ) and cubed ( ${ }^{3}$ ).
- Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including using knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes.
- Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign.
- Solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.


## Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- Compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number.
- Identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths.
- Recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions, know how to convert from one form to the other, and write mathematical statements greater than one as a mixed number.
- Add and subtract fractions with the same denominator, and denominators that are multiples of the same number.
- Multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams.
- Read and write decimal numbers as fractions.
- Recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents.
- Round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place.
- Read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places.
- Solve problems involving numbers with up to three decimal places.
- Recognise the percent symbol (\%) and understand that percent relates to 'number of parts per 100,' writing percentages as a fraction with a denominator of 100, and as a decimal fraction
- Solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.


## Measurement

- Convert between different units of metric measurement.
- Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints.
- Measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres.
- Calculate and compare the area of, including using standard units, square centimetres ( $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) and square metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$, and estimate the area of irregular shapes.
- Estimate volume and capacity.
- Solve problems involving converting between units of time.
- Use all four operations to solve problems involving measure using decimal notation, including scaling.


## Properties of shapes

- Identify 3D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2D representations.

- Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form.
- Divide proper fractions by whole numbers.
- Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents for a simple fraction.
- Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places, and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1,000 giving answers up to three decimal places.
- Multiply one-digit numbers, with up to two decimal places, by whole numbers.
- Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places.
- Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.
- Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.


## Ratio and proportion

- Solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities, where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts.
- Solve problems involving the calculation of percentages and the use of percentages for comparison.
- Solve problems involving similar shapes, where the scale factor is known or can be found.
- Solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.


## Algebra

- Use simple formulae.
- Generate and describe linear number sequences.
- Express missing number problems algebraically.
- Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns.
- Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.


## Measurement

- Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate.
- Use, read, write and convert between standard units - converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places.
- Convert between miles and kilometres.
- Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters, and vice versa.
- Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes.
- Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.
- Calculate, estimate and compare the volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ and cubic metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$, and extend to other units.


## Properties of shapes

- Draw 2D shapes using given dimensions and angles.
- Recognise, describe and build simple 3D shapes, including making nets.

|  | - Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes, <br> and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular <br> polygons. <br> - Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and <br> circumference, and know that the diameter is twice the radius. <br> - Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are <br> vertically opposite, and find missing angles. <br> Position and direction <br> - Describe positions on the full coordinate grid. <br> - Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate grid, and reflect them in <br> the axes. <br> Statistics <br> - Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs, and use these to solve <br> problems. <br>  <br> - Calculate and interpret the mean as an average. |
| :--- | :--- |

